

November 7, 2014

Where Are We Now?

Recommendations in Action





Today's Agenda

- Welcome & Introductions
- Update from DVRPC
- Presentations: Where are we now?
- Presentations
- Closing











ELAWARE VALLEY



Update from DVRPC

- To be published Cultivating Camden: A Food Economy Strategy
- Recently Released Greener Pastures
- Updating 2011 Food System Plan
- Healthy Communities Task Force next meeting January/February 2015
- Working on Implementation of Cultivating Camden with the city's stakeholders







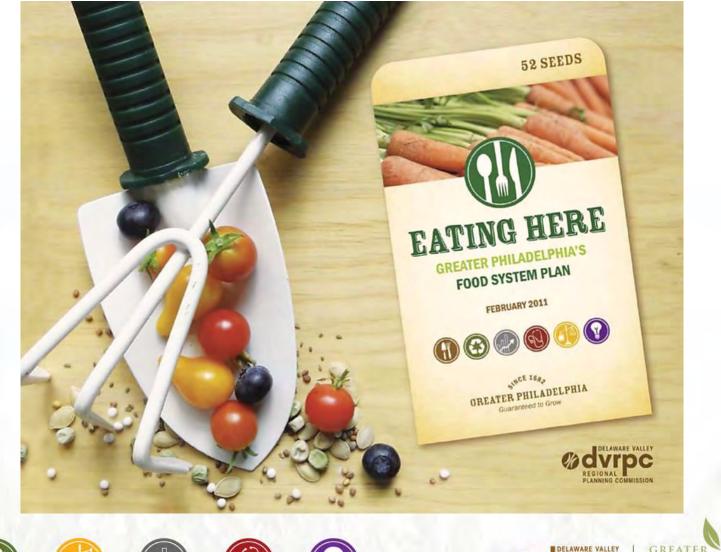
Today

- Presentations:
 - Amy Verbofsy, DVRPC Updating Eating Here
 - Molly Riordan, Common Market Scaling up
 - Deb Bentzel, The Food Trust Beyond Farm to School
 - Peggy Fogarty, Keystone Development Center Local Shellfish
 - Lance Loethen, The Reinvestment Fund Connection Regional Supply Chains





Updating *Eating Here: Greater Philadelphia's Food System Plan*









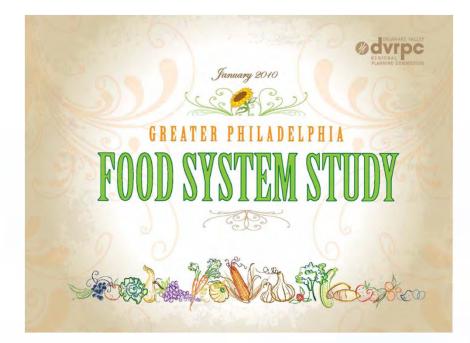






Background

- Greater Philadelphia Food Systems Study informed Eating Here.
- Stakeholder Planning Process
 - Stakeholders Implement the Plan so
 Stakeholders Should Make the Plan
 - Reviewed other Plans and Policy Statements
 - Committee Meetings
 - Individual Meetings
 - Online Survey
 - Prioritization



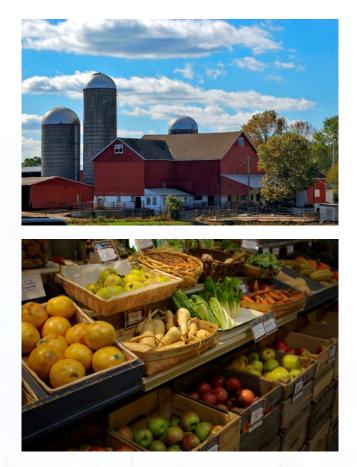








Background



- 6 Values
 - Farming and Sustainable Agriculture
 - Ecological Stewardship and Conservation
 - Economic Development
 - Health
 - Fairness
 - Collaboration
- 10 Indicators
- 52 Recommendations









Indicators

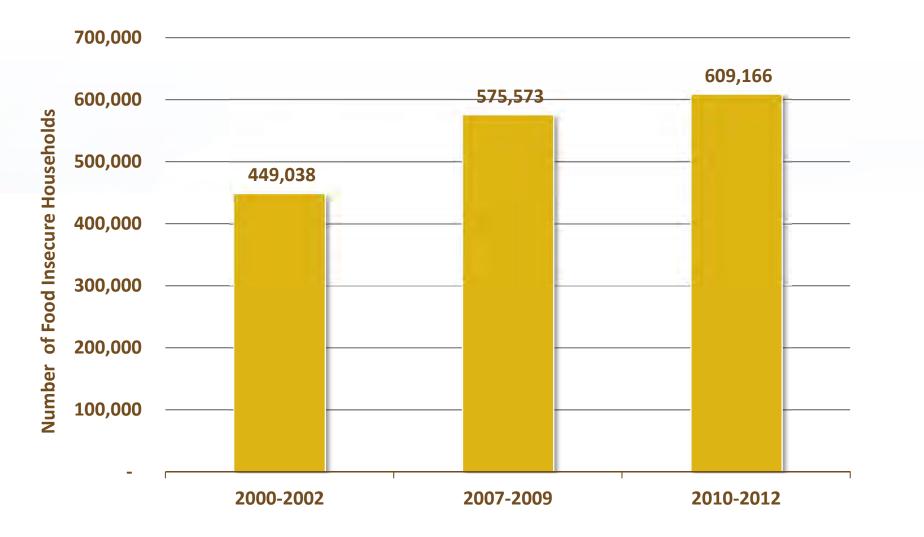
Land in Production in New Jersey (1997 to 2012)



Sources: USDA 1997, 2002, 2007, 2012

Indicators

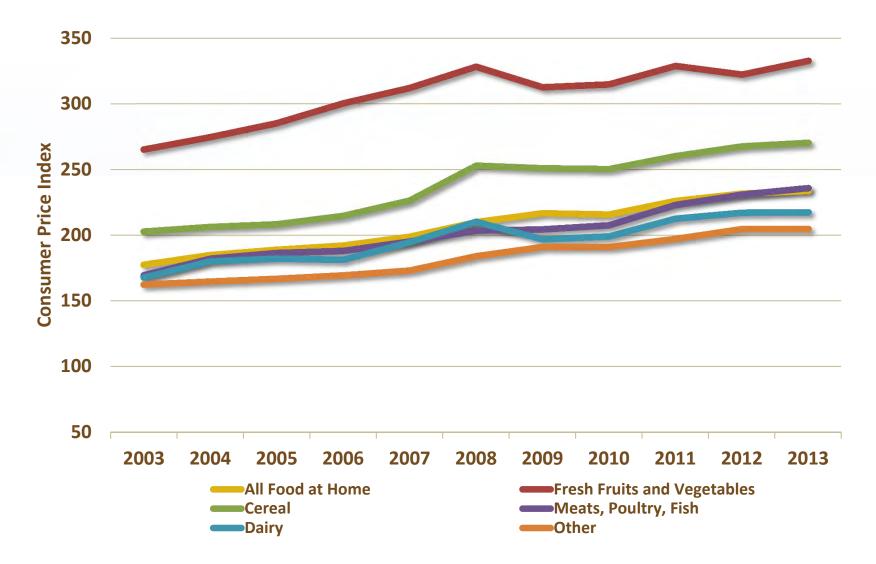
Household Food Insecurity in PA (2000 to 2012)



Sources: USDA 2002, 2007, 2012

Indicators

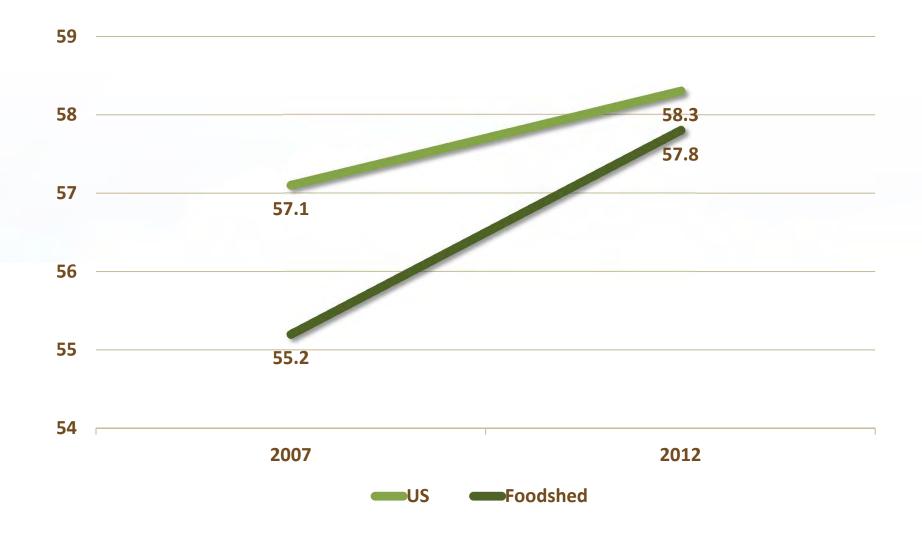
Affordability of Healthy Food in the US (2003 to 2013)



Sources: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

New Indicators?

Average Age of Farmers (2007 to 2012)



Sources: USDA

RECOMMENDATIONS















Affordable Farmland

Maintain affordable land for farmers through a range of potential innovations and new business models. These include addressing the retirement needs of farmers, identifying opportunities to transition preserved land into food production, and creating investment vehicles for long-term agriculture production on preserved land.



NOFA-NJ Farm Incubator Program Source: Kathy Johnson



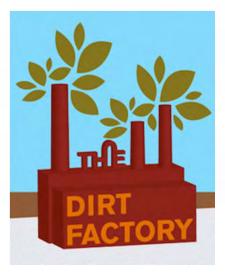
Greener Partners Longview Center for Agriculture Source: Christine Reckner



Composting

More local governments should adopt "Zero Waste" strategies or increase composting activities at all scales, from commercial businesses like restaurants to curbside pick-up for residents.









Healthy Food Retail

Increase and support "governmental and philanthropic investments in fresh food retail in those instances where consumer demand meets suitable market conditions." – Jeremy Nowak



Healthy Corner Store Source: The Food Trust



Progress Plaza Source: The Reinvestment Fund



Food Procurement

Organizations and entities that regularly buy food for meetings, events, and meal services should establish procurement standards and bonus point provisions for the purchase of nutritious, ethical, sustainably produced, regionally sourced an/or fair-trade products.



Local Produce Source: Common Market



Fair Food Farmstand Source: R. Kennedy for Visit Philadelphia™



Nutrition Standards for Food in Government Facilities

Municipal, county, and state governments and the federal government should develop nutrition standards and labeling requirements for food that is served at cafeterias and in vending machines in publicly owned or managed facilities.



Greensgrow Mobile Truck in Camden Source: NJPHK-C





Anti-hunger Advocacy

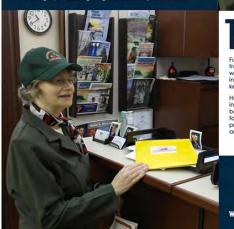
Develop an action plan to reduce hunger and to advocate for an antihunger agenda in Harrisburg, Trenton, and Washington, D.C.



In 2006, the PA legislature set aside \$18.75 million for the State Food Purchase Program. Since then, the funding has been cut by 7 percent, down to \$17.338 million.

This decrease equates to 24% less buying power today than in 2006. That is as if you received only 76¢ for every \$1 when you cash your paycheck while your monthly bills and expenses increased.

> ties for the purchase and distribution of food to ling the work of the food banks and local program rowing number of Pennsylvanians in need





THEE FAACTS: Funding for the State Food Purchase Program (SFPP) has dropped from \$18.75 million to 2006-07 to just over \$17 million today, a woetluly inadequate amount to keep up with fising casts and increased demand for food assistance. The governor's proposal keeps funding flat.

Hunger-Free Pennsylvania (HFPA) supports a relatively modest investment of \$21 million in the state budget for SFPP. Although far below what's needed for the program to keep up with increased food costs, this small increase will make it possible for food assistance providers to meet more of the demand food banks and other anti-hunger organizations are experiencing today.



Second Harvest Food Bank of NW PA in Harrisburg Source: Hunger-Free PA



Integrating Food System and Sustainable Policies

Local governments should comprehensively integrate regional and local food system-related goals, objectives, and action steps into comprehensive and master plans.









Regional Food Policy Framework

"Continue to convene the Greater Philadelphia Food System Stakeholder Committee and encourage shared efforts." – Kimberly Hodgson, American Planning Association





Next Steps

EATER PHILADELPHIA'S FOOD SYSTEMPLAN

Greater Philadelphia Food System Stakeholder -We are in the process of updating the 2011 Food System Plan and need your help!

We want to know which recommendations have been achieved, which are in progress, and which are no longer relevant.

Let's Get Started! Press ENTER



Thank You!

WWW.DVRPC.ORG/FOOD

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