

### **Pumps and Motors**

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#### **Presentation** Outline

- Energy Efficiency and Motors
- Energy Efficiency and Pumps



### **Energy Efficiency and Motors**



### **Motor Efficiency Defined**

% of electrical input power the motor turns into mechanical output power

NEMA standards dictate how this is measured & calculated



### First Cost vs. Life Cycle Cost

Lifetime electrical costs could be as much as 75 times the initial purchase price of the motor.





### **Premium Efficient Motor Upgrade**

High motor energy – replace 'standard' motors with premium efficient motors. Savings depends on:

- Difference in motor efficiency
- Motor size
- Equipment run time
- Cost of motor
- Cost of energy

### **Rewind or Replace**

### Reliable repair shops

- Lose 1% or 2% efficiency
- Replace if:
- motor is less than 40 hp
- cost of the rewind exceeds 65% of the price of a new motor
- motor was wound before 1980



50 HP Pump Motor

- Efficiency = 87%
- Duty Cycle = 22 hrs/Day \* 365 days
- kWh charge = \$0.082/kWh
- kW charge = \$14.00/kW

New 50 HP Motor

- Efficiency 93%
- Total cost (installed) = \$7,200.00

 $(50 \text{ HP X } .746 \text{ kW}) \div \text{efficiency} =$  $37.3 \div .87 = 42.8 \text{ kW}$  $(50 \text{ HP X } .746 \text{ kW}) \div \text{efficiency} =$  $37.3 \div .93 = 40.1 \text{ kW}$ 

### 42.8 – 40.1 = 2.7 kW Savings

**Demand Savings:** 

2.7 kW X \$14.00 X 12 Months = \$453.60 (annual demand)

kWh Consumption Savings:

2.7 kW \* 22 hrs/Day \* 365 = 21,681 kWh/yr

21,681 X \$0.082 = \$1777.82 annual savings (kWh)

\$1777.82 + \$453.60 =

\$2,331.42 Total Annual Electric Savings

## \$7200 Installed Cost

# \$2331 Annual Savings



### **Energy Audit Tools**

## Motor Master+

- Developed by US Department of Energy.
- Free download from DOE website.
- Database of motors, efficiencies, pricing.
- Calculates simple payback periods of motor replacement projects.

### **Energy Efficiency and Pumps**



### **Energy Audits – Pumping Sytems**

- Don't Throttle Pump Discharge!
- Evaluate existing pump efficiency
- Install variable speed device
- Install pump controllers tied to level and/or process controls.



### Variable Speed vs. Valves

Uses less energy to meet pumping needs

Run pumps at lower speeds

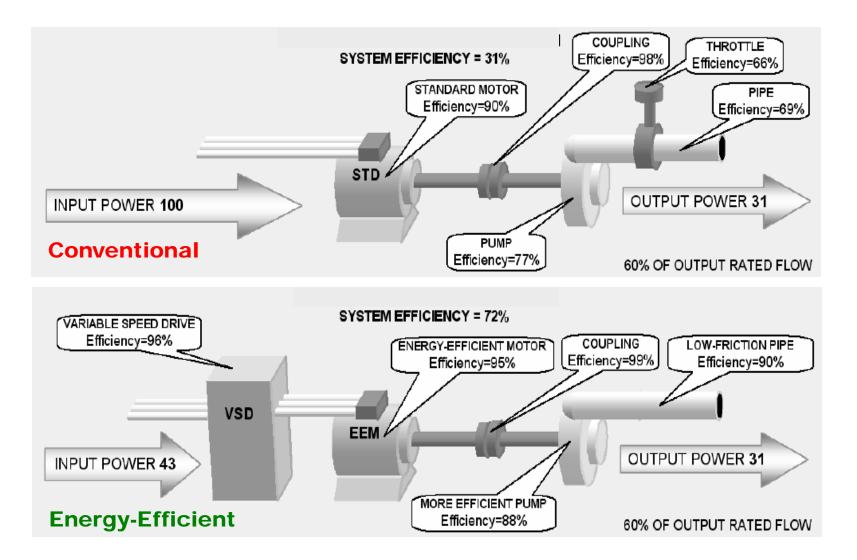


### Mechanical devices to control flow

- flow-restricting valves
- moveable air vanes

Hard on mechanical equipment

### **Problem:** Pump Inefficiencies



### **Pump Efficiency Equation**

$$Pump_{eff} = \frac{Q \times H \times SpGr}{c \times kW \times Motor_{eff}}$$

PARAMETER	DEFINITION
Pump <sub>eff</sub>	Pump efficiency
Q	Flow
Н	Head
SpGr	Specific Gravity
kW	Kilowatts
<i>Motor<sub>eff</sub></i>	Motor efficiency of pumps in specific application
С	Unit Conversion Factor

#### **Affinity Laws for Centrifugal Pumps and Fans**

1. 
$$\frac{Q_2}{Q_1} = \frac{n_2}{n_1}$$
  
2. 
$$\frac{H_2}{H_1} = \left[\frac{n_2}{n_1}\right]^2$$
  
3. 
$$\frac{P_2}{P_1} = \left[\frac{n_2}{n_1}\right]^3$$

Q = Flow (gpm) n = Pump Speed (rpm) H = Total Head (ft) P = Power

If you can reduce the speed by 10%: -You reduce your flow rate by 10% -You reduce the system head by 19% -You reduce your P by 27%

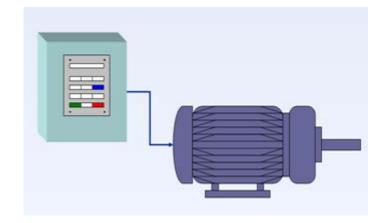
### **Variable Frequency Drives**

Electronic controller that adjusts motor speed by modulating AC power frequency

Matches motor speed to load requirement

Work best with fluctuating demand

Lower wear on motor with soft start



### **Process & Energy Audits**

Systems for controlling the rotational speed of an electric motor

A variable frequency drive (VFD) controls the frequency of the electrical power supplied to the motor

Others:

- Eddy Current Drives
- Liquid Rheostats



### VFD – other (non-energy) benefits

Lessens mechanical & electrical stress on motor

Reduces maintenance & repair costs

Extends motor life

Precise control of processes

- Pressure in water distribution systems can be maintained to closer tolerances
- DO concentrations consistently maintained
  - automated controls linking DO sensors to vfd on blower



### **Energy Audits Tools**

### Pumping System Assessment Tool

- Developed by US Department of Energy.
- Returns actual pumping system efficiency vs. potential system efficiency.
- Utilizes input of simultaneous pumping system data:
  - Influent/effluent pressure
  - Flow
  - Pump speed
  - Power.

### **Questions?**